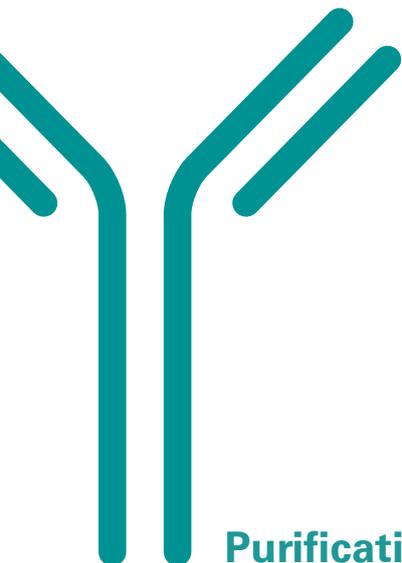




TOSOH



Maximizing Protein A Capture Performance



Purification of antibodies

Your Challenge

- ▶ You deal with low HCP clearance in capture steps.
- ▶ You need improved wash steps for Protein A chromatography.

Our Solution

TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F

- ▶ Enhances HCP clearance with optimal wash solutions.

What was done?

- ▶ We tested different post-load wash solutions.

What was the result?

- ▶ Increased HCP clearance without affecting mAb activity.

High capacity Protein A resins like TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F, combined with post-load wash steps, can compensate for CHOP clearance issues.

Your Benefit

Improve HCP clearance, maintain product quality, and boost process economics.

TOSOH BIOSCIENCE

**SEPARATION
& PURIFICATION**

CONNECTING MINDS.
TOUCHING LIVES.



How to...improve performance of the Protein A capturing step

Introduction

Protein A has become a well-established platform for capturing of monoclonal antibodies and Fc-fusion proteins. Various Protein A resins have been commercialized, one with a higher dynamic binding capacity than the other. Especially the latest generation of Protein A resins was developed to bind large quantities of mAbs and Fc fusion proteins. One drawback of these resins is that host cell protein (HCP) clearance can be - depending on the feedstream - comparatively lower than for standard Protein A affinity resins. When aiming for a 2-step platform process, no compromises can be made with regards to HCP removal of the capturing step. The remaining impurity burden would have to be covered by just one subsequent chromatography step. Hence, development of strategies or procedures to reduce the HCP content of the Protein A elution pool are key for the development of such purification processes.

How post-load wash solutions increase host cell removal

Post load washing steps during Protein A chromatography may improve HCP clearance of the capturing step. However, the employed wash buffers must not affect other product related quality criteria, such as aggregate levels and mAb activity. Besides, the impact of different wash steps on the parameters determining process economics, that is product recovery, dynamic binding capacity and resin lifetime, should be evaluated.

Experimental Conditions

Different buffers, pH, and agents to reduce non-specific binding were evaluated with regards to their potential to increase HCP clearance. A parallel chromatography approach with 200 μ l TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F RoboColumns was chosen. Columns were loaded with mAb at 3 min residence time. Afterwards, columns were washed with 100 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.4. In a second wash step, columns were flushed with phosphate, citrate or acetate buffered solutions of sodium chloride, arginine or guanidinium hydrochloride. The applied pHs ranged from 5.5 to 7.4. The different wash solutions are listed in [Table 1](#).

After washing, mAb was eluted with 100 mM acetate at pH 2.9. Columns were cleaned with 0.2 M sodium

hydroxide and re-equilibrated using 100 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.4. Except for loading, all steps were conducted at 300 cm/h. A detailed protocol can be found in [Table 2](#).

The mAb was recovered at \sim 10 mg/mL in total pool volumes of 1 mL \pm 50 μ l, which is due to drop formation at the RoboColumn outlet. Aliquots were analyzed with a CHO HCP ELISA, a protein A leaching ELISA and size exclusion chromatography. ELISAs were conducted according to the manufacturers' descriptions.

Table 1. Buffers for the Protein A post-load wash step.

Buffer	Additive Name	Additive Concentrations (mM)
100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4	sodium chloride	150, 500, 750, 1,000, 1,500, 2,000
100 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.5	sodium chloride	0, 150, 250, 500
100 mM sodium citrate, pH 5.5	n.a.	n.a.
100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4	arginine	100, 250, 500
100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4	guanidium hydrochloride	500, 750, 1,000, 2,000

Sodium phosphate, sodium acetate and sodium citrate were substituted with different concentrations of miscellaneous additives.

Table 2. Protein A chromatography.

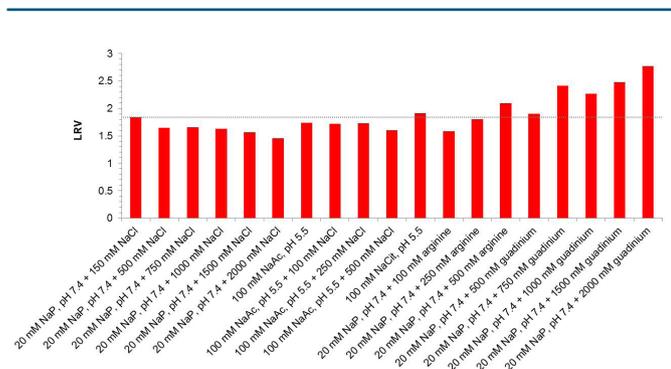
Step	CV	Composition
equil	10	100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4 + 150 mM sodium chloride
load	26	2 mg/mL mAb, 1 x CHOP in equilibration buffer
wash 1	5	100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4 + 150 mM sodium chloride
wash 2	5	variable
wash 3	5	100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4 + 150 mM sodium chloride
elute	5	100 mM sodium acetate, pH 2.9
CIP	5	0.2 M sodium hydroxide
reequil	10	100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4 + 150 mM sodium chloride

Buffers for the wash 2 step were chosen from Table 1. Buffers and solutions for the other steps are provided.

HCP Clearance

CHOP log reduction values have been calculated and are shown in **Figure 1**. The employed reference protocol using 20 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.4 + 150 mM sodium chloride has a log reduction value of 1.85.

Figure 1. CHOP log reduction values.

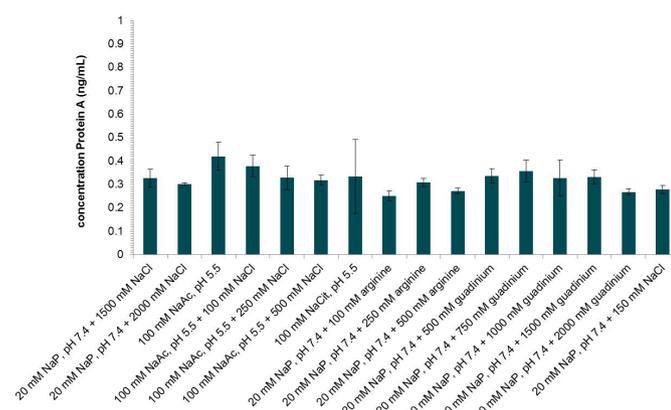


CHOP log reduction values of the parallel chromatography Protein A experiments using different buffers for wash 2. Comparatively higher log reduction values can be achieved using arginine and guanidinium hydrochloride for wash 2.

Protein A leaching

Protein A leaching results are shown in **Figure 2**. The post-load washing has no significant impact on the detected Protein A concentration. All samples have a Protein A content smaller than 1 ng/mL. Provided the mAb concentration in the elute pool is 10 mg/mL, this corresponds to 0.1 ppm of leached Protein A in the elute pools.

Figure 2. Protein A concentration in the elute pool.

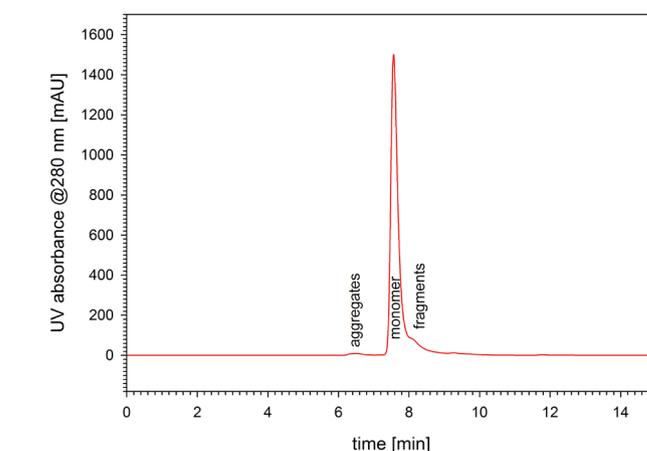


The determined Protein A contents are well below 1 ng/mL, which corresponds to roughly 0.1 ppm.

Aggregate content

SE-UHPLC with TSKgel UP-SW3000 (4.6 mm ID x 30 cm) was used for determination of aggregate levels. 100 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.7 + 100 mM sodium sulfate was used as liquid phase. 5 µl of the Protein A elution pools were injected. UV absorbance was measured @280 nm. An exemplary chromatogram is shown in **Figure 3**. Aggregate contents of all samples are 0.85 % ± 0.05 %.

Figure 3. SE-UHPLC chromatogram of an exemplary Protein A elution pool.

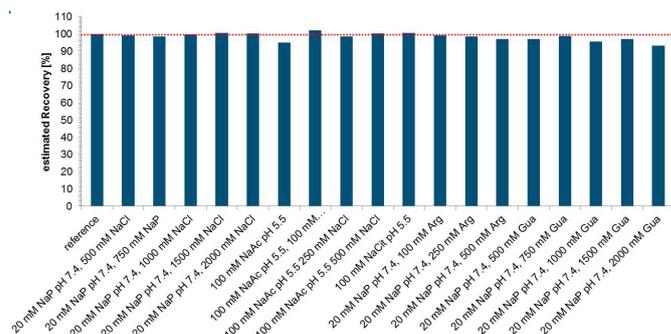


Aggregates elute at 6.5 min, the mAb monomer at 7.6 min. Fragments elute at 8.1 min.

Recovery

Recoveries were calculated from the UV absorbance @280 nm. A graph with the corresponding data is shown in **Figure 4**. Roughly, mAb concentrations of the elute pools range from 9.6 mg/mL to 11.0 mg/mL. Recovery slightly decreases in case of 100 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.5 and phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, containing high concentrations of arginine and guanidinium hydrochloride. However, recoveries exceed 90 % in all cases. Hence, these wash solutions can still be considered useful.

Figure 4. mAb recovery in the elute pool.



Recovery from Protein A after application of different wash buffers. Recovery is slightly affected by post-load washing with 100 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.5 and high contents of arginine or guanidinium hydrochloride. Recovery is greater than 90 % in all cases.

Conclusion

High capacity Protein A resins are highly beneficial with regards to process economics. Potential drawbacks with regards to CHOP clearance depend on a particular feedstream and can be compensated by using post-load wash steps.

➤ **Table.** Featured products.

P/N	Description	Dimension
0023425	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	10 mL
0023426	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	25 mL
0023427	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	100 mL
0023428	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	1 L
0045228	SkillPak Antibody 1 mL col. Library (AF-rProtein A HC-650F, AF-rProtein L-650F, NH ₂ -750F, Sulfate-650F, GigaCap Q-650M, GigaCap S-650S 1 mL x 1 ea)	7 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045229	SkillPak mAb Platform 1 mL col. library (AF-rProtein A HC-650F, Sulfate-650F, NH ₂ -750F 1 mL x 2 ea)	7 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045263	SkillPak mAb Platform 5 mL col. library (AF-rProtein A HC-650F, Sulfate-650F, NH ₂ -750F 5 mL x 1 ea)	8 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045232	SkillPak Best in Class 1 mL col. Library (AF-rProtein A HC-650F, AF-rProtein L-650F, NH ₂ -750F, Sulfate-650F, Ca ⁺⁺ Pure-HA 1 mL x 1 ea)	7 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045266	SkillPak Best in Class 5 mL col. library (AF-rProtein A HC-650F, AF-rProtein L-650F, NH ₂ -750F, Sulfate-650F, Ca ⁺⁺ Pure-HA 5 mL x 1 ea)	8 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045201	SkillPak 1 AF-rProtein A HC-650F 1 mL col.	7 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045222	SkillPak 1 AF-rProtein A HC-650F 5x1 mL col.	7 mm ID x 2.5 cm
0045258	SkillPak 5 AF-rProtein A HC-650F 5 mL col.	8 mm ID x 2.5 cm L
0045338	SkillPak 50 AF-rProtein A HC-650F 50 mL col.	2.5 cm ID x 10 cm
0045339	SkillPak 200 AF-rProtein A HC-650F 200 mL col.	5 cm ID x 10 cm
0023448	TSKgel UP-SW3000	4.6 mm ID x 30 cm

Literature:

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5. WO 2008031020 A2, Arginine wash in protein purification using affinity chromatography
6. US 8263750 B2, Method for purifying a protein using protein-A affinity chromatography using an intermediate wash step.